# Physical Science Comes Alive Energy Systems for 2<sup>nd</sup> / 3<sup>rd</sup> grade (Fantastic Elastic)

# Alignments to State Math Standards

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# California Mathematical Content Standards Physical Science Comes Alive Energy Systems for 2<sup>nd</sup> / 3<sup>rd</sup> grade (Fantastic Elastic)

Lesson #		California Mathematical Content Standards		
		Grade 2	Grade 3	
1. What is	a Wind-up?	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
2. Make a	Wind-up	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
3. Troubles	shooting Wind-ups	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
4. How to I	Build a Wind-up	MG: 2.0	SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2	
5. Redesign	n your Wind-up	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
6. How a W	Vind-up Works	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
7. How cou Car?	ıld a Balloon Power a	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
8. Make a	Balloon Car	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
9. Troubles	shooting Balloon Cars	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
10. How to I	Build a Balloon Car	MG: 2.0	SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2	
11. How a B	alloon Car Works	MG: 2.0 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-1, 3.0	MG: 2.0, 5-6 SDAP: 1.1 MR: 1.0-2, 2.0-3, 5, 3.0-3	
12. The Auto	o Show			
Key		NS (Number Sense) MG (Measurement and Geometry) MR (Mathematical Reasoning)	NS (Number Sense) MG (Measurement and Geometry) SDAP (Statistics, Data Analysis and Probability) MR (Mathematical Reasoning)	

#### Full Description of Standards

#### California Mathematical Content Standards – Grade 2

#### **Measurement and Geometry**

2.0 Students identify and describe the attributes of common figures in the plane and of common objects in space:

#### Mathematical Reasoning

- 1.0 Students make decisions about how to set up a problem:
- 1.1 Determine the approach, materials, and strategies to be used.
- 1.2 Use tools, such as manipulatives or sketches, to model problems.
- 2.0 Students solve problems and justify their reasoning:
- 2.1 Defend the reasoning used and justify the procedures selected.
- 3.0 Students note connections between one problem and another.

#### California Mathematical Content Standards – Grade 3

# **Measurement and Geometry**

- 2.0 Students describe and compare the attributes of plane and solid geometric figures and use their understanding to show relationships and solve problems:
- 2.5 Identify, describe, and classify common three-dimensional geometric objects (e.g., cube, rectangular solid, sphere, prism, pyramid, cone, cylinder).
- 2.6 Identify common solid objects that are the components needed to make a more complex solid object.

#### Statistics, Data Analysis, and Probability

1.1 Identify whether common events are certain, likely, unlikely, or improbable.

#### **Mathematical Reasoning**

- 1.0 Students make decisions about how to approach problems:
- 1.1 Analyze problems by identifying relationships, distinguishing relevant from irrelevant information, sequencing and prioritizing information, and observing patterns.
- 1.2 Determine when and how to break a problem into simpler parts.
- 2.0 Students use strategies, skills, and concepts in finding solutions:
- 2.1 Use estimation to verify the reasonableness of calculated results.
- 2.2 Apply strategies and results from simpler problems to more complex problems.
- 2.3 Use a variety of methods, such as words, numbers, symbols, charts, graphs, tables, diagrams, and models, to explain mathematical reasoning.
- 2.5 Indicate the relative advantages of exact and approximate solutions to problems and give answers to a specified degree of accuracy.
- 3.0 Students move beyond a particular problem by generalizing to other situations:
- 3.1 Evaluate the reasonableness of the solution in the context of the original situation.
- 3.2 Note the method of deriving the solution and demonstrate a conceptual understanding of the derivation by solving similar problems.
- 3.3 Develop generalizations of the results obtained and apply them in other circumstances.

# District of Columbia Mathematics Standards Physical Science Comes Alive Energy Systems for $2^{nd} / 3^{rd}$ grade (Fantastic Elastic)

Lesson #		District of Columbia Mathematics Standards		
		Grade 2	Grade 3	
1. What is a	Wind-up?	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
2. Make a W	/ind-up	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
3. Troublesh	nooting Wind-ups	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
4. How to Bu	uild a Wind-up	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
5. Redesign	your Wind-up	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
6. How a Wi	ind-up Works	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
7. How could a Car?	d a Balloon Power	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
8. Make a Ba	alloon Car	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
9. Troublesh Cars	nooting Balloon	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
10. How to Bu	uild a Balloon Car	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
11. How a Ba	lloon Car Works	G. 1,5 DASP. 1-3	G. 2 DASP. 1	
12. The Auto	Show			
Key		NSO (Number Sense and Operations) -NSO-N (Number Sense) PRA (Patterns, Relations and Algebra) G (Geometry) M (Measurement) DASP (Data Analysis, Statistics and Probability)		

### Full Description of Standards

#### District of Columbia Mathematics Standards – Grade 2

#### Geometry

- 2.G.1. Identify, describe, draw, and compare two-dimensional shapes, including both polygonal(up to six sides) and curved figures such as circles.
- 2.G.5. Predict and explain the results of putting two-dimensional shapes together and taking them apart (e.g., two congruent right triangular shapes form a rectangle).

## **Data Analysis, Statistics and Probability**

- 2.DASP.1. Use interviews, surveys, and observations to gather data about themselves and their surroundings.
- 2.DASP.2. Organize, classify, and represent data using tallies, charts, tables, bar graphs, pictographs, and Venn diagrams; interpret the representations.
- 2.DASP.3. Formulate inferences (draw conclusions) and make educated guesses (conjectures) about a situation based on information gained from data.

#### District of Columbia Mathematics Standards – Grade 3

## Geometry

3.G.2. Describe, model, draw, compare, and classify three-dimensional and two-dimensional shapes, especially circles and polygons (e.g., triangles and quadrilaterals).

# Data Analysis, Statistics and Probability

3.DASP.1. Collect and organize data using observations, measurements, surveys, or experiments.

# $Minnesota\ Academic\ Standards-Mathematics \\ Physical\ Science\ Comes\ Alive\ Energy\ Systems\ for\ 2^{nd}\ /\ 3^{rd}\ grade\ (Fantastic\ Elastic)$

Lesson #	Minnesota Academic Standards – Mathematics	
	Grade 2	Grade 3
1. What is a Wind-up?		GM: 3.1.2
2. Make a Wind-up		GM: 3.1.2
3. Troubleshooting Wind-ups		GM: 3.1.2
4. How to Build a Wind-up		GM: 3.1.2
5. Redesign your Wind-up		GM: 3.1.2
6. How a Wind-up Works		GM: 3.1.2
7. How could a Balloon Power a Car?		GM: 3.1.2
8. Make a Balloon Car		GM: 3.1.2
9. Troubleshooting Balloon Cars		GM: 3.1.2
10. How to Build a Balloon Car		GM: 3.1.2
11. How a Balloon Car Works		GM: 3.1.2
12. The Auto Show		
Key	GM (Geometry and Measurement)	1

# **Full Description of Standards**

Minnesota Academic Standards – Mathematics – Grade 3			
Strand	Standard	No.	Benchmark
Geometry & Measurement	Use geometric attributes to describe and create shapes in various contexts.	3.3.1.2	Sketch polygons with a given number of sides or vertices (corners), such as pentagons, hexagons and octagons.

# NY State Learning Standards for Mathematics Physical Science Comes Alive Energy Systems for 2<sup>nd</sup> / 3<sup>rd</sup> grade (Fantastic Elastic)

Lesson #	NY State Learning Standards for Mathematics		
	Grade 2	Grade 3	
1. How a Balloon Car Works	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
2. The Auto Show	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
3. How a Balloon Car Works	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
4. The Auto Show	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
5. How a Balloon Car Works	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
6. The Auto Show	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
7. How a Balloon Car Works	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
8. Make a Balloon Car	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
9. Troubleshooting Balloon Cars	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
10. How to Build a Balloon Car	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
11. How a Balloon Car Works	PS: 1-3, 6-10	PS: 1-19	
	G: 3	G: 1	
		S: 1-2	
12. The Auto Show			
Key	PS (Problem Solving)		
	G (Geometry)		
	S (Statistics and Probability)		

#### **Full Description of Standards**

#### NY State Learning Standards for Mathematics – Grade 2

## **Problem Solving**

- 2.PS.1 Explore, examine, and make observations about a social problem or mathematical situation
- 2.PS.2 Interpret information correctly, identify the problem, and generate possible solutions
- 2.PS.3 Act out or model with manipulatives activities involving mathematical content from literature and/or story telling
- 2.PS.6 Experience teacher-directed questioning process to understand problems
- 2.PS.7 Compare and discuss ideas for solving a problem with teacher
- and/or students to justify their thinking
- 2.PS.8 Use manipulatives (e.g., tiles, blocks) to model the action in problems
- 2.PS.9 Use drawings/pictures to model the action in problems
- 2.PS.10 Explain to others how a problem was solved, giving strategies and justifications

# Geometry

2.G.3 Compose (put together) and decompose (break apart) two-dimensional shapes

#### NY State Learning Standards for Mathematics – Grade 3

## **Problem Solving**

- 3.PS.1 Explore, examine, and make observations about a social problem or mathematical situation
- 3.PS.2 Understand that some ways of representing a problem are more helpful than others
- 3.PS.3 Interpret information correctly, identify the problem, and generate possible solutions
- 3.PS.4 Act out or model with manipulatives activities involving mathematical content from literature
- 3.PS.5 Formulate problems and solutions from everyday situations
- 3.PS.6 Translate from a picture/diagram to a numeric expression
- 3.PS.7 Represent problem situations in oral, written, concrete, pictorial, and graphical forms
- 3.PS.8 Select an appropriate representation of a problem
- 3.PS.9 Use trial and error to solve problems
- 3.PS.10 Use process of elimination to solve problems
- 3.PS.11 Make pictures/diagrams of problems
- 3.PS.12 Use physical objects to model problems
- 3.PS.13 Work in collaboration with others to solve problems
- 3.PS.14 Make organized lists to solve numerical problems
- 3.PS.15 Make charts to solve numerical problems
- 3.PS.16 Analyze problems by identifying relationships
- 3.PS.17 Analyze problems by identifying relevant versus irrelevant information
- 3.PS.18 Analyze problems by observing patterns
- 3.PS.19 State a problem in their own words

#### Geometry

3.G.1 Define and use correct terminology when referring to shapes(circle, triangle, square, rectangle, rhombus, trapezoid, and hexagon)

#### **Statistics and Probability**

- 3.S.1 Formulate questions about themselves and their surroundings
- 3.S.2 Collect data using observation and surveys, and record appropriately